

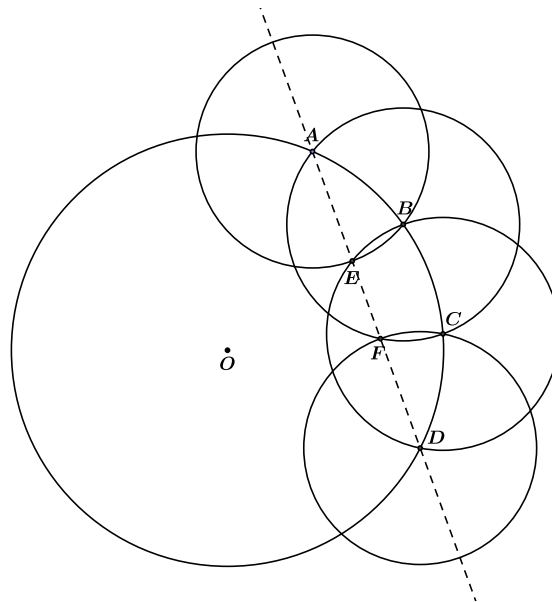
Problems of the Month

University of Louisiana at Lafayette

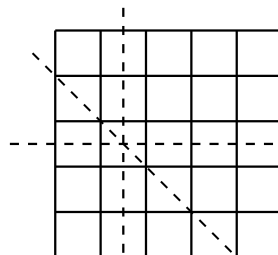
May, 2016

Solutions must be submitted by 06/20/2016. They can be emailed or handed in to Calvin Berry (cberry@louisiana.edu) or Leonel Robert (lrobert@louisiana.edu).

1. On a circle of center O choose four equidistant points A, B, C, D . Draw four circles with centers at these points and equal radius as shown in the picture. Show that the points A, E, F, D are on a line.



2. Show that the squares of an infinite array (as depicted below) can be filled with natural numbers $1, 2, 3, \dots$ such that every row, column and diagonal of the array contains a permutation of all the natural numbers.



3. For $0 < p < 1$, the geometric distribution with parameter p has probability mass function

$$p(x) = P(X = x) = p(1 - p)^x \mathbf{1}_{\{0, 1, \dots\}}(x)$$

Let X denote a random variable with this geometric distribution, find $\Pr(X \geq x)$.

4. Let X and Y denote independent random variables each following the same geometric distribution with parameter p (see problem 3).

a. Derive the probability mass function for $W = \min(X, Y)$.

b. Find $P(\min(X, Y) = X) = P(X \leq Y)$.

c. Derive the probability mass function for $Z = X + Y$.

d. Given $z \in \{0, 1, \dots\}$, derive the conditional probability mass function for Y given $X + Y = z$, *i.e.*, find $P(Y = y | X + Y = z)$